IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for forming a porous dielectric film, comprising:

forming a silicon based film having a water soluble compound dispersed therein, wherein the water soluble compound is boron oxide provided by an organoboron compound introduced while forming the silicon based film; and

removing at least a portion of the water soluble compound, thereby providing the porous dielectric film.

- 2-4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the forming the silicon based film is by chemical vapor deposition (CVD).
- 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the silicon based film is a carbon doped silcon based film.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the removing the at least a portion of the water soluble compound is by wet etching the silicon based film.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising treating the porous dielectric film with an electron beam.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the dielectric constant of the porous dielectric film is less than 2.0.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the porosity of the porous dielectric film is at least forty percent.

12. (Original) A method for forming a porous dielectric film, comprising:

doping of nano phase compounds in a silicon based film using chemical vapor deposition (CVD) precursors selected from at least one member of the group consisting of organogermanium compounds, organoboron compounds, germanic acid (GeOH₄) and boric acid (H₃BO₃); and

removing at least a portion of the nano phase compounds dispersed in the silicon based film, thereby providing the porous dielectric film.

- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the silicon based film is a carbon doped silcon based film.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the nano phase compounds are soluble in water.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the nano phase compounds are selected from at least one member of the group consisting of germanium oxide (GeO_2) and boron oxide (B_2O_3).
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 12, further comprising treating the porous dielectric film with an electron beam.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method for forming a porous dielectric film, comprising:

doping of controlled size nano phase compounds in a silicon based film using spin on glass (S.O.G.) to spin on chemical vapor deposition (CVD), wherein the nano phase compounds that are selected from at least one member of the group consisting of germanium oxide (GeO₂) and boron oxide (B₂O₃); and

removing at least a portion of the nano phase compounds dispersed in the silicon based film, thereby providing the porous dielectric film.

- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the silicon based film is a carbon doped silcon based film.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the nano phase compounds are soluble in water.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 17, further comprising treating the porous dielectric film with an electron beam.